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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/894,035	06/28/2001	Michael Baentsch	CH920000039US1 (14665) 5498	
7590 04/19/2006		•	EXAMINER	
Steven Fischm	nan, Scully,	FAROOQ, MOHAMMAD O		
Scott, Murphy &	& Presser			·
400 Garden City Plaza Garden City, NY 11530			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2181	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/894,035	BAENTSCH ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Mohammad O. Farooq	2181			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 No. This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under Expression.	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-19 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-19 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 28 June 2001 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	r from consideration. r election requirement. r. ⊠ accepted or b) □ objected to black accepted or b objected to black accepted or black accepted	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) □ All b) □ Some * c) ☑ None of: 1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	FRITZ MING PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 2100 (PTO-413) AU 2181 te atent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-13 and 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nachenberg, U.S. Pat. No. 6,230,316 B1 in view of Shaw, U.S. 2002/0026634 A1.
- 2. As to claim 1, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method for a software provider (25) of enabling a software-acquiring entity (20) to arrive from an existent first piece of code (11) executable on a machine at a second piece of code (12,13), executable on the machine, both pieces of code (11,12,13) having been granted by use of a first software archive generator (2) under use of generation instructions (8), comprising the step of

providing to said software-acquiring entity (20) a difference code (4,5) (i.e. difference between two versions; col. 1, lines 34-52), said difference code comprising the steps necessary to arrive from said first piece of code (11) at said second piece of code (12,13), said difference code (4,5) (i.e. difference between two versions; col. 1, lines 34-52) is usable at said software-acquiring entity (20), and

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combining said difference code with said first piece of code (11) by a second software

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archive generator (7) to generate said second piece of code (11) by a second software archive generator (7) to generate said second piece of code (12, 13), whereby said second software

archive generator (7) is to be fed with those generation instructions (8) that were used by said

first software archive generator (2) for the generation of both pieces of code (11, 12, 13)

(abstract; fig. 8; col. 5, line 36- col. 6, line 17).

However, Nachenberg does not teach signed pieces of code. Shaw teaches signed pieces of code (digital signatures in downloaded code; paragraph 0030). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the teachings of Nachenberg and Shaw because that would provide trustworthy information with which to perform software and data integrity tests, and with which to locate data for recovery or upgrade of the client device (paragraph 0009).

3. As to claim 2, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein the generation instructions (8) are provided to the software-acquiring entity (20) by the software provider (25), together with the second software archive generator (7) (inherent; col. 1, lines 12-26).

- 4. As to claim 3, Nachenberg does not teach pieces of code (11,12, 13) are signed using a private key (14). Shaw teaches pieces of code are signed using a private key (due to digital signatures in downloaded code; paragraph 0030). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the teachings of Nachenberg and Shaw because that would provide trustworthy information with which to perform software and data integrity tests, and with which to locate data for recovery or upgrade of the client device (paragraph 0009).
- 5. As to claim 4, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein the pieces of code (11, 12, 13) are stored in a storage unit (1) at the software provider (25) (see fig. 8; col. 1, lines 12-59).

Nachenberg does not teach signed pieces of code. Shaw teaches signed pieces of code (digital signatures in downloaded code; paragraph 0030). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the teachings of Nachenberg and Shaw because that would provide trustworthy information with which to perform software and data integrity tests, and with which to locate data for recovery or upgrade of the client device (paragraph 0009).

6. As to claim 5, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein the difference code (4,5) (i.e. incremental updates) is created, by the first software archive generator (2), while said first software archive generator (2) generates the second piece of code (12, 13) (inherent; col. 1, line 34 – col. 2, line 24).

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- 7. As to claim 6, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein for more than two pieces of code (11, 12, 13) being stored, the difference code (4,5) is generated only between a subset of said pieces of code (11, 12, 13) (inherent; see fig. 8).
- 8. As to claim 7, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein for arriving from the first piece of code (11) to the second piece of code (13) several difference codes (4, 5) are required, these difference codes (4,5) are merged into a single difference code (i.e. update file; see fig. 8) to be provided to the software-acquiring entity (20) (col. 1, line 53 col. 2, lines 24; col. 5, line 34 col. 6, line 17).
- 9. As to claim 8, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein the first and second piece of code (11, 12, 13) are identified at the software provider (25) by deriving a corresponding identifier from a request (16) received from the software-acquiring entity (20) (inherent; col. 1, line 12 col. 2, line 24).

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10. As to claim 9, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method for a software-acquiring entity (20) of arriving from an existent first piece of code (11) executable on a machine at a second piece of code (12, 13), executable on the machine, both pieces of code (11, 12, 13) having been generated at a software provider (25) by use of a first software archive generator (2) under use of generation instructions (8), comprising the steps of

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- sending a code amendment request (16) to said software provider (25) for the delivery of a difference code (4,5) which comprises the steps necessary to arrive from said first piece of code (11) at said second piece of code (12, 13) (inherent; col 1, lines 34-52),
- receiving said difference code (4,5) (i.e. update; fig. 8; col. 1, line 12 col. 2, line 24),
- combining said difference code (4,5) with said first piece of code (11) by use of a second software archive generator (7), thereby generating said second piece of code (12, 13), whereby said second software archive generator (7) is fed with those generation instructions (8) that were used by said first software archive generator (2) for the generation of both pieces of code (11, 12, 13) (col. 1, line 34 52; col. 5, line 36 col. 6, line 17).

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11. As to claim 10, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein the generation instructions (8) are received from the software provider (25), together with the second software archive generator (7) (inherent; col. 1, lines 12-26).

- 12. As to claim 11, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein the pieces of code (11, 12, 13) are signed by use of a private key (14) and the signature (Sig 11, Sig 12, Sig 13) is verifiable by use of a corresponding public key (15) (inherent; col. 1, line 65 col. 2, lines 24).
- 13. As to claim 12, Nachenberg teach computer-implemented method, wherein the first and second pieces of code (11, 12, 13) are identified by the software-acquiring entity (2) by giving a corresponding identifier in the code amendment (i.e. update) request (16) (col. 1, line 12 col. 2, line 24; col. 5, line 34 col. 6, line 17).
- 14. As to claim 13, Nachenberg teach program storage device readable by a machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method for a software provider (25) of enabling a software-acquiring entity (20) to arrive from an existent first piece of code (11) executable on a machine at a second piece of code (12,13), executable on the machine, both pieces of code (11,12,13) having been granted by use of a first software archive generator (2) under use of generation instructions (8), comprising the step of

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providing to said software-acquiring entity (20) a difference code (4,5) (i.e. difference between two versions; col. 1, lines 34-52), said difference code comprising the steps necessary to arrive from said first piece of code (11) at said second piece of code (12,13), said difference code (4,5) (i.e. difference between two versions; col. 1, lines 34-52) is usable at said software-acquiring entity (20), and

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combining said difference code with said first piece of code (11) by a second software archive generator (7) to generate said second piece of code (11) by a second software archive generator (7) to generate said second piece of code (12, 13), whereby said second software archive generator (7) is to be fed with those generation instructions (8) that were used by said first software archive generator (2) for the generation of both pieces of code (11, 12, 13) (abstract; fig. 8; col. 5, line 36- col. 6, line 17).

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15. As to claim 15, Nachenberg teach code amendment enabler tangibly embodied in hardware for enabling a software-acquiring entity (20) to arrive from an existent first piece of code (11) at a second piece of code (12,13), both pieces of code (11,12,13) having been generated by use of a first software archive generator (2) under use of generation instructions (8), comprising

- a difference code generator (10) for generating a difference code (4,5) that comprises the steps necessary to arrive from said first piece of code (11) at said second piece of code (12, 13), which difference code (4,5) is usable at said software-acquiring entity (2) to be combined with said first piece of code (11) by a second software archive generator (7) to generate said second piece of code (12, 13), whereby said second software archive generator (7) is fed with the generation instructions (8) (abstract; fig. 8; col. 1, line 12- col. 6, line 24; col. 5, line 36 col. 6, line 17),
- an output unit (3) for providing to said software-acquiring entity (2) said difference code (4,5) (inherent; see fig. 8; col. 5, line 36 col. 6, line 17).

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16. As to claim 16, Nachenberg teach code amendment enabler tangibly embodied in hardware, further comprising an input unit (24) (inherent) for receiving from said software-acquiring entity (20) a code amendment request (16) for the delivery of said difference code (4,5) (col. 5, line 36 – col. 6, line 17).

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- 17. As to claim 17, Nachenberg teach code amendment enabler tangibly embodied in hardware, further comprising a first software archive generator (2) for generating said pieces of code (11, 12, 13) under use of generation instructions (8) (col. 1, lines 12 65).
- 18. As to claim 18, Nachenberg teach code amendment device tangibly embodied in hardware for arriving from an existent first piece of code (11) at a second piece of code (12, 13), both pieces of code (11, 12, 13) having been generated at a software provider (25) by use of a first software archive generator (2) under use of generation instructions (8), comprising:

a second software archive generator (7) for combining a received difference code (4,5) with said first piece of code (11), thereby generating said second piece of code (12, 13), whereby said second software archive generator (7) is to be fed with those generation instructions (8) that were used by said first software archive generator (2) for the generation of both pieces of code (11, 12, 13) (inherent; col. 1, line 12 – col. 2, line 24; col. 5, line 36 – col. 6, line 17).

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Nachenberg does not teach signed pieces of code. Shaw teaches signed pieces of code (digital signatures in downloaded code; paragraph 0030). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the teachings of Nachenberg and Shaw because that would provide trustworthy information with which to perform software and data integrity tests, and with which to locate data for recovery or upgrade of the client device (paragraph 0009).

19. As to claim 19, Nachenberg teach code amendment device tangibly embodied in hardware, further comprising an input/output unit (6) for sending a code amendment request (16) to said software provider (25) and for receiving said difference code (4,5) (inherent since updates are developed and sent via floppy or CD-ROMs; col. 1, line 12 – 26).

Response to Arguments

20. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 and 15-19 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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21. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mohammad O. Faroog whose telephone number is (571) 272-

4144. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fritz M. Fleming can be reached on (571) 272-4145. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mohammad O. Farooq April 10, 2006 FRITZFLEMING
Supervoor/PRIMARY EXAMINER 4/14/2006
GROUP 2100
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